## PROFILE OF STROKE RATE VARIATIONS DURING 100M SWIMMING EVENTS

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## INTRODUCTION

Swimming velocity is the product of the stroke rate (SR) times the stroke length (SL), which can be described as the distance travelled by the swimmer during a single stroke cycle.

The urgency of performance analysis, the easy assessment of this variables, and their intrinsic importance, imposed a proliferation of research in this domain (Craig and Pendergast, 1979; Craig et al., 1985; Nelson et al., 1989). Among available studies, some of them pointed out the difficulty to establish a profile to the SR variation along a specific swimming event (Craig et al., 1985; Keskinen and Komi, 1993). Nevertheless, those studies were based on a single competition.

The purpose of this study was to evaluate the variations of the stroke rate, in the 100 m events, during a complete competitive season.

## METHODS

Five female elite swimmers, which main characteristics are resumed in table 1, were studied during a complete short course season.

Table 1: Main characteristics of the sample

| $\mathbf{n}$ | Aged <br> (years) | Weight <br> (Kg) | High <br> $(\mathbf{c m})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | $16.6 \pm 2.9$ | $60.2 \pm 6.6$ | $173.0 \pm 6.9$ |

All 100 meters events were studied: (freestyle, backstroke, breaststroke and butterfly), using a video tape recorder .

The video tape records of the events were observed and the mean SR for each lap was determined using Seiko S101A watch with a frequency measuring function each 3 arm strokes, as we can see in figure 1.

Figure 1: Squematic representation of the measurement of $S R$.


RESULTS
Main results of the study are presented in Table 1.
Table 1: SR values for each lap in the different 100 m events studied.

| Events | 1st lap | 2nd lap | 3rd lap | 4th lap |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 m | 50.71 | 46.59 | 45.75 | 44.99 |
| freestyle | $\pm 4.42$ | $\pm 4.28$ | $\pm 3.87$ | $\pm 4.29$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 m | 44.85 | 42.10 | 41.25 | 40.37 |
| backstroke | $\pm 5.51$ | $\pm 5.71$ | $\pm 5.82$ | $\pm 6.06$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 m | 51.84 | 49.76 | 49.52 | 49.14 |
| butterfly | $\pm 4.02$ | $\pm 3.62$ | $\pm 3.91$ | $\pm 4.16$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 m | 45.18 | 43.88 | 42.58 | 42.81 |
| breaststroke | $\pm 4.0$ | $\pm 3.98$ | $\pm 3.96$ | $\pm 4.33$ |

Values are mean $\pm$ SD
Despite none statistical significant difference were found between laps, SR values consistently decreased during the race for all events in the different styles, despite a slight increase in the final lap of the breaststroke event. This evidence is in accordance with Ungerechts and Niklas (1993) and Ungerechts and Thiesmann (1995) results. On the other hand, this results are in contrast with the findings of Letzelter and Freitag (1983). These could be due to different levels of the groups studied or since that work an evolution has taken place.

As SR values could be taken as an indicator of physiological background (Ungerechts and Niklas, 1993; Ungerechts and Thiesmann, 1995), probably because the reduction of the metabolic velocity by which the energy transfer is taken place. So, he degree of the decrease of SR values during the race, can be used to analyse the preparation status of swimmers.

## CONCLUSION

SR values consistently decrease during 100 m events for all the competitive swimming techniques.

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